



MALAWI

Signed **Paris Agreement** in **2016**

National Adaption Plan submitted to UNFCCC ~ **23 February 2022**

Air pollution and longer distances to travel for cooking fuel and water

2% of population have access to clean cooking fuels and technology

16% of population have access to electricity

Increased workload and burden of care

82% of population is moderate or severe food insecure

21% of population under-nourished

80% **women** employed in agriculture sector compared to **57% men**

Food insecurity

Heat stress results in pregnancy complications - maternal and neonatal mortality

MMR 225 deaths per 100,000 live births

Neonatal MR 19 per 1,000 live births

39% pregnant women have anaemia
55% children (6-59 months) with anaemia

Maternal health

Damage to infrastructure - roads, transport systems, clinics

Reduced/diverted resources

Disruption of health care services

Climate crisis

Water scarcity

Increase in SGV

Increases in violence and vulnerability to violence

Increase in child marriage

Increase in transactional sex

Mortality rate attributed to unsafe water, unsafe sanitation and lack of hygiene is **31 per 100,000** population

50% of population have access to basic sanitation

73% of population have at least basic drinking water services